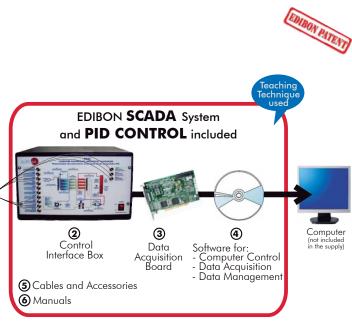
Computer Controlled Laboratory Pasteuriser,



with SCADA and PID Control

PASC





\*Minimum supply always includes: 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 (Computer not included in the supply)

① Unit: PASC. Laboratory Pasteuriser

Key features:

- Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.
- Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.
- National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).
- Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.
- Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.
- Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.
- Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.
- Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).
- Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.
- Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.
- This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

For more information about Key Features, click here:









OPEN CONTROL MULTICONTROL REAL TIME CONTROL





Worlddidac Quality Charter Certificate (Worlddidac Member)

ISO 9000: Quality Management (for Design, Manufacturing, Commercialization and After-sales service)

(total safety)

Page 1

Certificates ISO 14000 and ECO-Management and Audit Scheme (environmental management) Using thermal energy to destroy bacteria is one of the basic operations in the alimentary industry. It extends significantly the food conservation time as well as obtaining healthier products for human consumption.

The PASC unit is a small scale continuous pasteurizer developed by EDIBON. It utilizes the process known as HTST (High Temperature Short Time) pasteurization, which simulates conditions of a real plant and allows pasteurization of small product quantities in a short time. It is economical and temperatures up to 90°C can be obtained and the holding time and efficiency can be varied.

The unit can operate with variable flows between 1 and 30 l. of product per hour.

The main element of the PASC unit is its plate heat exchanger. It is divided into three sectors, for heating, interchanging and cooling.

A series of pasteurization process stages can be distinguished:

1) A first stage where the preheating of the food product is realized.

The Pasteurizer receives the product from the feed tank and preheats it in the central section (interchanging) of the heat exchanger, by crosscurrent circulation with the pasteurized and hot product.

2) Then, the product flows to a second heating stage where the temperature of the product is increased to a value high enough to eliminate the microorganisms (72° C approximately), during a holding time.

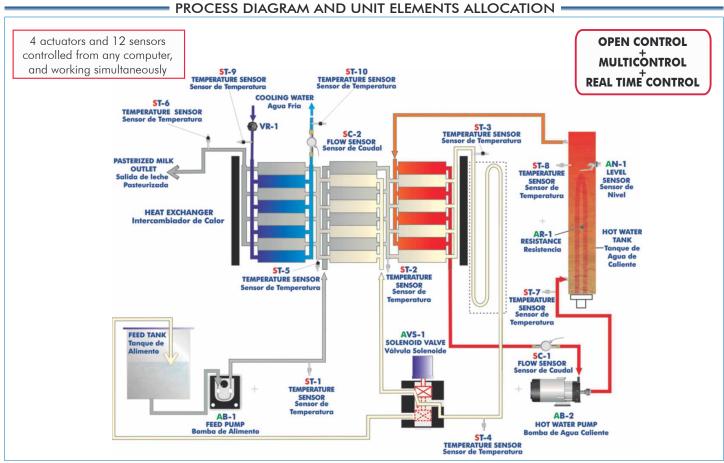
This heating stage is obtained by circulating the product crosscurrent with the hot water from the tank where there is a heating electric resistance.

The product is kept at the pasteurization temperature during 15-20 seconds in the retention section.

- 3) Instead of the pasteurized product going out at 72° C, it is made to circulate crosscurrent with the incoming product at 4° C, so a double effect is obtained:
  - Energy savings when preheating the incoming product from the initial temperature of 4° C to 56° C. The efficiency in the energy recuperation process can reach 75%.
  - Outlet of the pasteurized product at the temperature of 40° C, which helps the last stage.
- 4) The last stage in the heat exchanger is to process the cooling of the product for its conservation. To do this, the product is passed through the last heat exchanger sector by crosscurrent circulation with the cold water.

The PASC unit allows the student to become familiar with a cleaning process known as CIP (Clean In Place) and is automatically carried out by sectors, as it is in real pasteurization plants.

This Computer Controlled Unit is supplied with the EDIBON Computer Control System (SCADA), and includes: The unit itself + a Control Interface Box + a Data Acquisition Board + Computer Control and Data Acquisition Software Packages, for controlling the process and all parameters involved in the process.



## COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for main items)

With this unit there are several options and possibilities: - Main items: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. - Optional items: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12. Let us describe first the main items (1 to 6): **1 PASC. Unit:** Bench-top unit mounted in anodized aluminium structure and panels in painted steel. Main metallic elements in stainless steel. Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit. Pasteurisation capacity: 30 l./h. Feed tank of 5 litres of capacity, made in glass. Dosing feed pump (peristaltic type) computer controlled, with adjustable flow by means of a frequency inverter: Process range: 0-30 l./h. CIP range up to 100 l./h. Water heating system, composed of: Centrifugal pump of hot water circulation, computer controlled. Heating resistance of 1500 W, computer controlled. Stainless steel tank, capacity: 7 litres. PID control from the computer of the tank water temperature. Circuit made in stainless steel. Flow sensor for the hot water, range from 0 to 6 1./min. Level switch to protect the heating electric resistance. Plates heat exchanger divided in three sections: N° of plates in the interchanging section: 6. N° of plates in the pasteurisation section: 13. N° of plates in the cooling section: 6. Here, the pasteurisation process is produced, by means of crosscurrent product pass against the resistance water. Water temperature in the heating section: 80° C. approx. Retention time: 20 seconds at 30 l./h. (approx. for milk). It also has a product cooling stage for it conservation. Water flow in the cooling section, range of 0-6 1./min. Water refrigeration circuit, made in stainless steel. Flow sensor for the cooling water, with range from 0 to 6 l./min. Food circuit made in alimentary grade material.

There are different lengths to change the residence times at pasteurisation temperature.

Pasteurised Food Production Automatic System, composed of a three-way Solenoid Electrovalve,

computer controlled, which also makes easier the CIP (Clean In Pace) process.

10 Temperature sensors ("J" type) with range up to 600° C, to measure:

The product temperature in different stages of the pasteuriser heat exchanger.

The temperatures to control the hot and cold water.

Tank water temperature, controlled by PID.

The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

PASC. Unit

### ② PASC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

### The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.

<u>Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel</u> and with the same distribution that the different elements located in the unit, for an easy understanding by the student.

All sensors, with their respective signals, are properly manipulated from -10V. to +10V. computer output. Sensors connectors in the interface have different pines numbers (from 2 to 16), to avoid connection errors. Single cable between the control interface box and computer.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled, without necessity of changes or connections during the whole process test procedure.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

Storage of all the process data and results in a file.

Graphic representation, in real time, of all the process/system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

All the actuators and sensors values and their responses are displayed on only one screen in the computer.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time PID and on/off control for pumps, compressors, resistances, control valves, etc.

Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

**Open control** allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Possibility of automatization of the actuators involved in the process.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

### ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot. Bus PCI. Analog input:

Number of **channels = 16** single-ended or 8 differential. **Resolution = 16 bits**, 1 in 65536. **Sampling rate up to:** <u>250 KS/s (kilo samples per second)</u>.

Input range (V)= $\pm$ 10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0. DMA channels=6. **Analog output**:

Analog output:

Number of **channels=2**. **Resolution=16 bits**, 1 in 65536. Maximum output rate up to: 833 KS/s. Output range(V)=±10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0.

Digital Input/Output:

Number of **channels=24 inputs/outputs**. D0 or DI Sample Clock frequency: 0 to 1 MHz. Timing: Number of **Counter/timers=2**. Resolution: Counter/timers: 32 bits.

# PASC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in screen. **Compatible with the industry standards**.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels. This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the

manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard. **© Cables and Accessories**, for normal operation.

**@Manuals:** This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

\* References 1 to 6 are the main items: PASC + PASC/CIB + DAB + PASC/CCSOF + Cables and Accessories + Manuals are included in the minimum supply for enabling normal and full operation.



PASC/CIB





PASC/CCSOF

## EXERCISES AND PRACTICAL POSSIBILITIES TO BE DONE WITH MAIN ITEMS

- 1.- Study of the HTST pasteurisation of alimentary products.
- 2.- Study of the destruction of damaging organisms.
- 3.- Calibration of the peristaltic feed pump.
- 4.- Start of the pasteurisation plant; operation with water.
- 5.-Determination of the relation between the heating water temperature according to the liquid flow to pasteurise.
- 6.- Determination of the survival curve for the different bacterial floras.
- 7.- Determination of the threshold temperature for a constant warming time of the product to treat.
- 8.- Determination of the necessary time to obtain a desired sterility volume
- 9.- Determination of the thermal reduction time curve.
- 10.-Study and application of the CIP cleaning of the pasteuriser.
- 11.-Study of different chemical cleaning methods.

Additional practical possibilities:

12.-Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

13.-Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

## **REQUIRED SERVICES**

-Electrical supply: single-phase, 220 V/50 Hz. or 110 V/60 Hz. -Water supply and drainage.

-Computer (PC).

14.- Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 15.-The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 16.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 17.- This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 18.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 19.-Control of the PASC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 20.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the PASC unit process.
- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

PASC:		
Unit:		

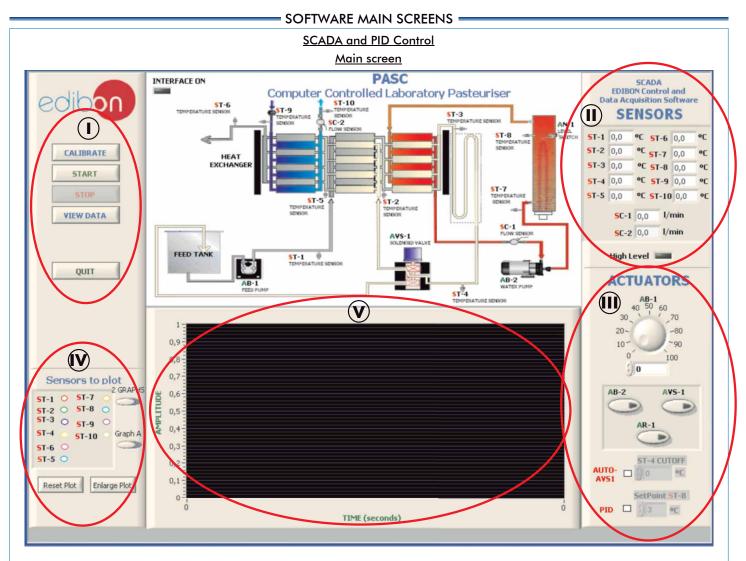
-Dimensions:800 x 800 x 1000 mm. approx. (31.49 x 31.49 x 39.37 inches approx.)

-Weight: 100 Kg. approx. (220 pounds approx.).

Control Interface Box:-Dimensions:490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx. (19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.).

**DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS** 

-Weight: 10 Kg. approx. (22 pounds approx.).



() Main software operation possibilities.

(I) Sensors displays, real time values, and extra output parameters. Sensors: ST=Temperature sensor. SC=Flow sensor.

Actuators controls. Actuators: AB=Pump. AR=Heating resistance. AVS=Solenoid valve.

Channel selection and other plot parameters.

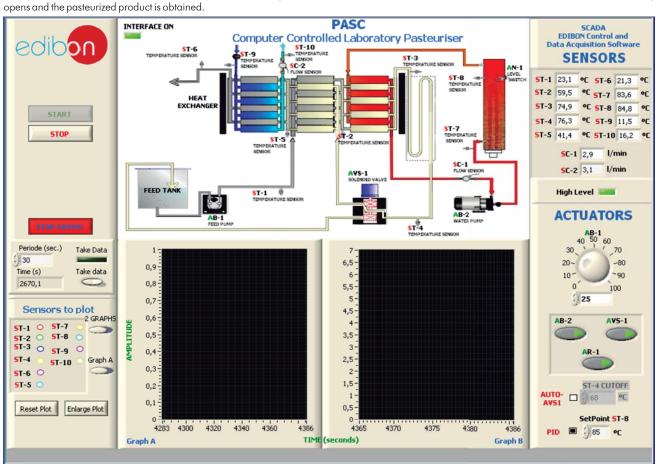
Real time graphics displays.

### Software for Sensors Calibration

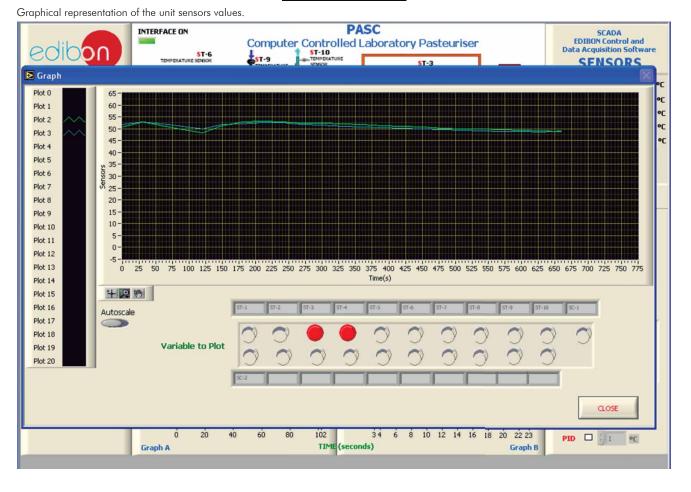
Restore Setting Instructor	Instructor	MULTICALIBRATE								
Analog Input Channel ST-8 T	ACTUATORS AR-1		М	JLTICAL				AA-2		
Calibration units Full Scale 150 Gain () 95,4198 Offset () 1,67443	4 5 6 3 7 28	ence t	Reference	e Value	- AT	olerance (%)		Port 0	Port 1	Port 2
	0 10	Reference Select	Sensors	Volts	Calibrated	Err (%)			Restore	store Instructor
Least Squares Fit	0		ST-1	0,2046	22,3821	0,82		GAIN	OFFSET	ρ
PTA () 10	AVE-1		ST-2	0,2292	23,483	0,28	ST-1	97,7605	() 2,3804	0
Volts 0,9619 Calibrated 93,46	4 5 6		ST-3	0,2353	23,1522	0,05	ST-2	97,7997	1,0627	0
	3, 1 / 7		ST-4	0,2301		0,01	ST-3	95,8345	0,6041	0
	28			0,1527	13,1629	10,04	ST-4	96,6188	0,9823	
	19			-5,2792	172,5164	149,31		93,9573	-1,1855	
	0 10			-0,2362	-22,6609	45,87	SCC-1	162,04	1027,9537	
	() 0		SC-1	-0,1774	0,0319629	23,17		97,4967	0,3678	
	30			-0,2681	-60,4623	83,67	SC-1	0,679363	() 0,1525	
				-0,2251	0,4208	22,78		41,2123	-49,4113	
				-0,2529	-0,2529	23,46		0,27089	0,4817	
By using a free of charge code, the teacher and the st can calibrate the unit.				-0,2063	-0,1178	23,32			90	
	r and the students				+226,9384	250,14		0,417958	-0,0315	
				-0,3634	-0,3634	23,57		879,1		
				-0,275	-0,275	23,48				
			1	-0,2005	-0,2005	23,41			÷) 0	
The teacher can recover his/her own calibration by using the EDIBON code that we give free of charge.			Select all		Data taken	0		(1)1	30	0

SOME TYPICAL RESULTS

### Initial working screen



Other screens facilities



Example of Pasteurisation Practice. We can observe that the temperature sensors ST3 and ST4 reach 72° C. So, the solenoid valve AVS-1 automatically opens and the pasteurized product is obtained.

### COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

Additionally to the main items (1 to 6) described, we can offer, as optional, other items from 7 to 12.

All these items try to give more possibilities for:

a) Industrial configuration. (PLC)

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAI and FSS)

c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAL)

d) Multipost Expansions options. (Mini ESN and ESN)

#### a) Industrial configuration

**② PLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

## -PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

#### Front panel: Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block:

**16 Digital inputs,** activated by switches and 16 LEDs for confirmation (red).

14 Digital outputs (through SCSI connector) with 14 LEDs for message (green).

Analog inputs block:

**16 Analog inputs** (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

#### Analog outputs block:

4 Analog outputs (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Touch screen:

High visibility and multiple functions. Display of a highly visible status. Recipe function. Bar graph function. Flow display function. Alarm list. Multi language function. True type fonts.

#### Back panel:

Power supply connector. Fuse 2A. RS-232 connector to PC. USB 2.0 connector to PC.

#### Inside:

Power supply outputs: 24 Vdc, 12 Vdc, -12 Vdc, 12 Vdc variable. Panasonic PLC:

#### **High-speed scan of 0.32** $\mu$ **sec.** for a basic instruction.

**Program capacity of 32 Ksteps**, with a sufficient comment area.

- Power supply input (100 to 240 V AC). DC input: 16 (24 V DC).
- Relay output: 14.

## High-speed counter.

Multi-point PID control

#### Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

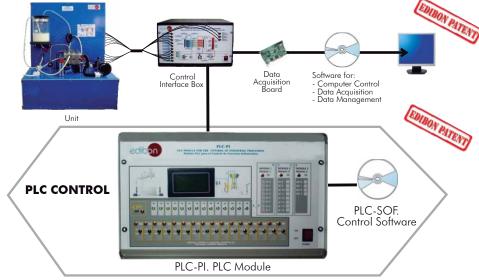
Communication RS232 wire to computer (PC).

Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx. Weight: 30 Kg. approx.

### PASC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

#### For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

The software has been designed using Labview and it follows the unit operation procedure and linked with the Control Interface Box used in the Computer Controlled Laboratory Pasteuriser Unit (PASC).



#### Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the PASC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the PASC unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the PASC unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the PASC unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation.
- 8.- PLC process application for PASC unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.

- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
  - 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
  - 12.- PLC programming languages.
  - 13.- PLC different programming standard languages.
  - 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
  - 15.- Hand on an established process.
  - 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the PASC unit process.
  - 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the PASC unit.
  - 18.- PLC Programming exercises.
  - 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

### **B PASC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.**

This complete package included two Softwares; the INS/ SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software) and the PASC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software).

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 6).

This complete package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/ SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (PASC/SOF). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students. These, on the other hand, get a virtual instructor who helps them to deal with all the information on the subject of study.

- INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software): The Instructor can:

Organize Students by Classes and Groups.

Create easily new entries or delete them.

Create data bases with student information.

Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.

Print reports.

Develop own examinations.

Detect student's progress and difficulties.

...and many other facilities.

- PASC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):

It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment This Software contains:

Theory.

Exercises.

**Guided Practices**.

Exams

For more information see CAI catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAI.pdf



Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit. It is useful for Technical and Vocational level

The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them.

There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.

Faults affecting the actuators:

- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.

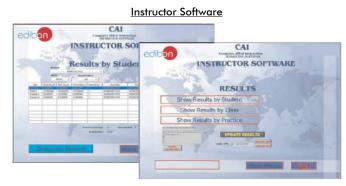
Faults in the controls execution:

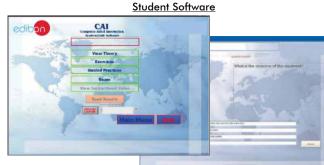
- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

On/off faults:

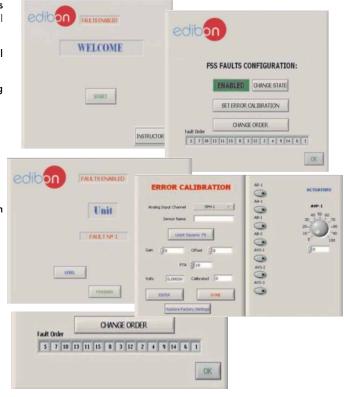
- Several on/off faults can be included.

For more information see **FSS** catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/FSS.pdf





## Example of some screens



c) <u>Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration</u>

### 1 PASC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use, specifically developed by EDIBON. It is very useful for Higher Education level.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in making the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices.

CAL will perform the calculations.

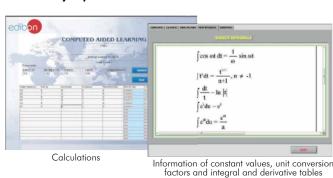
CAL computes the value of all the variables involved.

It allows to plot and print the results. Between the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

For more information see **CAL** catalogue. Click on the following link: <u>www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAL.pdf</u>





Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System

### d) Multipost Expansions options

### 1) Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously. It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

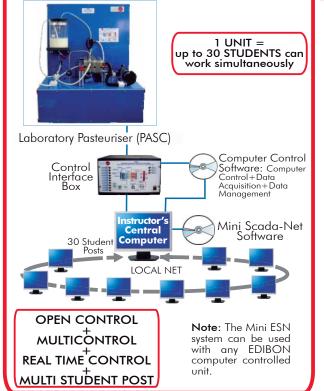
Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/ students connected.

#### Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can safe time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see Mini ESN catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/Mini-ESN.pdf



### ②ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

This unit can be integrated, in future, in a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see **ESN** catalogue. Click on the following link: <u>www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/units/foodwatertechnologies/esn-foodtechnology/ESN-FOOD\_TECHNOLOGY.pdf</u>

Main items (always included in the supply)	<b>Optional items</b> (supplied under specific order) a) <u>Industrial configuration</u>					
Minimum supply always includes:	PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software): <ul> <li>PCL-PI. PLC Module.</li> </ul>					
① Unit: PASC. Laboratory Pasteuriser.						
<ul> <li>PASC/CIB. Control Interface Box.</li> <li>DAB. Data Acquisition Board.</li> </ul>	- PASC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software.					
<ul> <li>PASC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software.</li> </ul>	b) <u>Technical and Vocational configuration</u>					
<b>5</b> Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.	<ul> <li>PASC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.</li> <li>PASC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.</li> </ul>					
6 Manuals. * <u>IMPORTANT:</u> Under <u>PASC</u> we always supply all the elements for	c) <u>Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration</u>					
immediate running as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.	Analysis). d) <u>Multipost Expansions options</u>					
	🕦 Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.					
	🕲 ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.					

### TENDER SPECIFICATIONS (for main items)

#### 1 PASC. Unit: Bench-top unit mounted in anodized aluminium structure and panels in painted steel. Main metallic elements in stainless steel Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit. Pasteurisation capacity: 30 l./h. Feed tank of 5 litres of capacity, made in glass. Dosing feed pump (peristaltic type) computer controlled, with adjustable flow by means of a frequency inverter: Process range: 0-30 l./h. CIP range up to 100 I./h. Water heating system, composed of: Centrifugal pump of hot water circulation, computer controlled. Heating resistance of 1500 W, computer controlled. Stainless steel tank, capacity: 7 litres. PID control from the computer of the tank water temperature. Circuit made in stainless steel. Flow sensor for the hot water, range from 0 to 6 l./min. Level switch to protect the heating electric resistance. Plates heat exchanger divided in three sections: N° of plates in the interchanging section: 6. N° of plates in the pasteurisation section: 13. N° of plates in the cooling section: 6. Here, the pasteurisation process is produced, by means of crosscurrent product pass against the resistance water. Water temperature in the heating section: 80° C. approx. Retention time: 20 seconds at 30 l./h. (approx. for milk). It also has a product cooling stage for it conservation. Water flow in the cooling section, range of 0-6 I./min. Water refrigeration circuit, made in stainless steel. Flow sensor for the cooling water, with range from 0 to 6 1./min. Food circuit made in alimentary grade material. There are different lengths to change the residence times at pasteurisation temperature. Pasteurised Food Production Automatic System, composed of a three-way Solenoid Electrovalve, computer controlled, which also makes easier the CIP (Clean In Pace) process. 10 Temperature sensors ("J" type) with range up to 600° C, to measure: The product temperature in different stages of the pasteuriser heat exchanger. The temperatures to control the hot and cold water. Tank water temperature, controlled by PID. The complete unit includes as well: Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control. Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control. Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview. National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s , kilo samples per second). Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements. Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time. Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc. Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included. Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software). Designed and manufactured under several quality standards. Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results. This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network. ② PASC/CIB. Control Interface Box: The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system. Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel. The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled. Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process. Calibration of all sensors involved in the process. Real time curves representation about system responses. All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process. Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences. Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process. Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously. Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants) Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously. Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software. ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board: The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system. PCI Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot. Analog input: Channels=16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536. Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second). Analog output: Channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536. Digital Input/Output: Channels=24 inputs/outputs. @PASC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software: The three softwares are part of the SCADA system. Compatible with the industry standards. Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters. Analog and digital PID control. PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range. Management, processing, comparison and storage of data. Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second). Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process. It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time. Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels. This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

#### **5** Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

(a) Manuals: This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

#### Exercises and Practical Possibilities to be done with Main Items

- 1.- Study of the HTST pasteurisation of alimentary products.
- $2.-\quad Study \ of the \ destruction \ of \ damaging \ organisms.$
- 3.- Calibration of the peristaltic feed pump.
- 4.- Start of the pasteurisation plant; operation with water.
- 5.- Determination of the relation between the heating water temperature according to the liquid flow to pasteurise.
- 6.- Determination of the survival curve for the different bacterial floras.
- 7.- Determination of the threshold temperature for a constant warming time of the product to treat.
- 8.- Determination of the necessary time to obtain a desired sterility volume.
- 9.- Determination of the thermal reduction time curve.
- 10.- Study and application of the CIP cleaning of the pasteuriser.
- 11.- Study of different chemical cleaning methods.
- Additional practical possibilities:
- 12.- Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

- 13.- Many students view results simultaneously.
- To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.
- 14.- Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.
  - This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.
- 15.- The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 16.- This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 17.- This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 18.- This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 19.- Control of the PASC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 20.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the PASC unit process.
- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

### a) Industrial configuration

### **OPLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

## -PLC-PI. PLC Module:

### Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block: 16 Digital inputs. 14 Digital outputs.

Analog inputs block: 16 Analog inputs.

Analog outputs block: 4 Analog outputs.

Touch screen. Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32 µsec. Program capacity of 32 Ksteps. High-speed counter. Multi-point PID control.

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

#### -PASC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

#### Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the PASC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the PASC unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the PASC unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the PASC unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation.
- 8.- PLC process application for PASC unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
- 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.- PLC programming languages.
- 13.- PLC different programming standard languages.
- 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.- Hand on an established process.
- 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the PASC unit process.
- 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the PASC unit.
- 18.- PLC Programming exercises.
- 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

### b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

#### ⑧ PASC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/ SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (PASC/SOF).

-INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software):

The Instructor can:

Organize Students by Classes and Groups.

Create easily new entries or delete them.

Create data bases with student information.

Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.

Print reports.

Develop own examinations.

Detect student's progress and difficulties.

-PASC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):

It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment.

This Software contains:

- Theory.
- Exercises.

Guided Practices.

Exams.

#### PASC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit. The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them. There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.
- Faults affecting the actuators:
  - Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
  - Response reduction of an actuator.

Faults in the controls execution:

- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

On/off faults:

- Several on/off faults can be included.

### c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration

### PASC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in making the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices. CAL will perform the calculations.

CAL computes the value of all the variables involved.

It allows to plot and print the results. Between the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

#### d) Multipost Expansions options

#### 1 Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit.

Main characteristics:

-It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.

-Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.

-Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.

-Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.

-Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.

-Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

-It allows an easier and quicker understanding.

-This system allows you can safe time and cost.

-Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

The system basically will consist of:

This system is used with a Computer Controlled Unit.

-Instructor's computer.

-Students' computers.

-Local Network.

-Unit-Control Interface adaptation.

-Unit Software adaptation.

-Webcam.

-Mini ESN Software to control the whole system.

-Cables and accessories required for a normal operation.

\*Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvements of the product.



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